

QPM2102D

QPM2160D, QPM2162D

QPM2100, QPM2102

QPM2160, QPM2162

Duct Air Quality Sensors QPM21...

- With maintenance-free CO₂ sensing element based on optical infrared absorption measurement (NDIR¹)
- and – depending on the type of sensor – VOC² sensing element, based on a heated tin dioxide semiconductor
- CO₂ temperature and CO₂ humidity-temperature multisensor
- No recalibrations required
- Operating voltage AC 24 V or DC 15...35 V
- Signal outputs DC 0...10 V

1) NDIR = Non dispersive infrared

2) VOC = volatile organic compounds (also called mixed gas)

Use

In air ducts of ventilation and air conditioning plant to enhance room comfort and to optimize energy consumption by providing demand-controlled ventilation. The sensor acquires:

- CO₂ concentrations
- VOC concentrations as an indication of odors in the duct air, such as tobacco smoke, body odor, or material fumes
- The relative humidity of the duct air
- The duct air temperature

The QPM21... can be used as a:

- Control sensor in the supply or extract air duct
- Transmitter for building automation and control systems and / or display units

Typical use:

- Acquisition of CO₂ and VOC concentrations:
In party rooms, lounges, fair pavillions and exhibition halls, restaurants, canteens, shopping malls, sports gymnasiums, sales rooms, and conference rooms
- Acquisition of CO₂ concentrations:
In ventilation plant of rooms with varying occupancy levels where smoking is prohib-

ited, such as museums, theatres, movie theatres, auditoriums, office spaces and school rooms

Important!

- The QPM21... sensors are not suited for use as safety devices, such as gas or smoke warning devices!
- The sensors must not be used outdoors!

Type summary

Type reference	CO ₂ measuring range	VOC sensitivity	Temperature measuring range	Humidity measuring range	Measured value display
QPM2100	0...2000 ppm	---	---	---	no
QPM2102	0...2000 ppm	Low (R1) Normal (R2) High (R3)	---	---	no
QPM2102D	0...2000 ppm	Low (R1) Normal (R2) High (R3)	---	---	yes
QPM2160	0...2000 ppm	---	0...50 °C / -35...+35 °C	---	no
QPM2160D	0...2000 ppm	---	0...50 °C / -35...+35 °C	---	yes
QPM2162	0...2000 ppm	---	0...50 °C / -35...+35 °C	0...100 %	no
QPM2162D	0...2000 ppm	---	0...50 °C / -35...+35 °C	0...100 %	yes

Ordering

When ordering, please give name and type reference, e.g.:

Duct air quality sensor **QPM2102**

The sensor is supplied complete with mounting flange and cable entry gland M16.

Equipment combinations

The QPM21... are suited for use with all types of systems and devices capable of acquiring and handling the DC 0...10 V output signal delivered by the sensor.

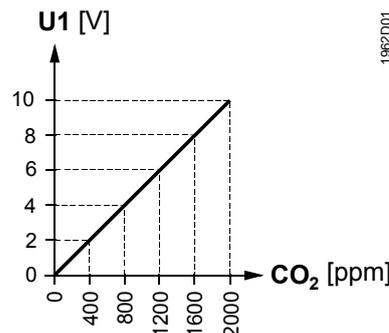
Mode of operation

CO₂ concentrations

The Symaro™ air quality sensors acquire the CO₂ concentration by infrared absorption measurement (NDIR). Owing to an additional integrated reference light source, the measurement is always accurate and no service or recalibration is needed, thus saving service costs.

The resulting output signal of DC 0...10 V is proportional to the CO₂ content of the ambient air.

Function diagram CO₂ (output U1)



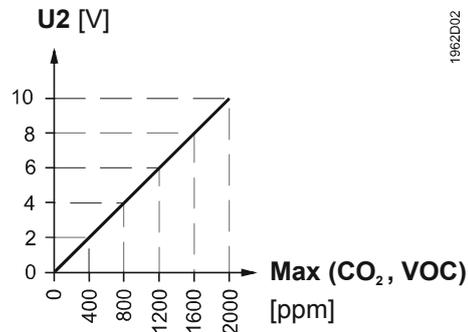
CO₂/VOC concentration
– only with **QPM2102** and
QPM2102D –

The sensor acquires and evaluates the CO₂ / VOC concentration and transforms it to a ventilation demand signal.

It represents the result of maximum selection of the CO₂ measuring signal and the filtered VOC measuring signal. With maximum selection, the 2 demand signals are compared and – depending on the result and the selected VOC sensitivity – delivered as the common air quality demand.

The ventilation demand signal is delivered via output U2 as a DC 0...10 V signal to be fed to the ventilation controller.

Ventilation demand diagram (output U2)



VOC sensitivity

Using the shorting plug on the setting element for the measuring range, the impact of VOC ventilation demand on maximum selection against CO₂ ventilation demand can be changed.

The position in the middle (R2) produces normal sensitivity of the VOC signal (factory setting). The 2 other positions are used for increasing (R3) or decreasing (R1) VOC sensitivity.

*Response time
"VOC signal"*

Before the processor handles a change of the measured VOC value for maximum selection, a response time of 3 minutes for every Volt the signal value changes is observed.

Relative humidity
– only with **QPM2162**
and **QPM2162D** –

The sensor acquires the relative humidity in the air duct with a capacitive humidity sensing element whose capacitance changes as a function of the relative humidity. An electronic measuring circuit converts the signal from the sensing element to a continuous DC 0...10 V signal, corresponding to a relative humidity range of 0...100 %.

Temperature
– only with **QPM2160**,
QPM2160D, **QPM2162**
and **QPM2162D** –

The sensor acquires the temperature in the air duct with a sensing element whose electrical resistance changes as a function of the temperature.

The change is converted to an active DC 0...10 V output signal (\cong 0...50 °C or –35...+35 °C).

Mechanical design

The duct air quality sensor consists of housing, printed circuit board, connection terminals, mounting flange and immersion rod with measuring probe.

The 2-sectional housing is comprised of base and removable cover (without display: snap-on design; with display: screwed fastening). The measuring circuit and the setting elements are located on the printed circuit board inside the cover, the connection terminals on the base.

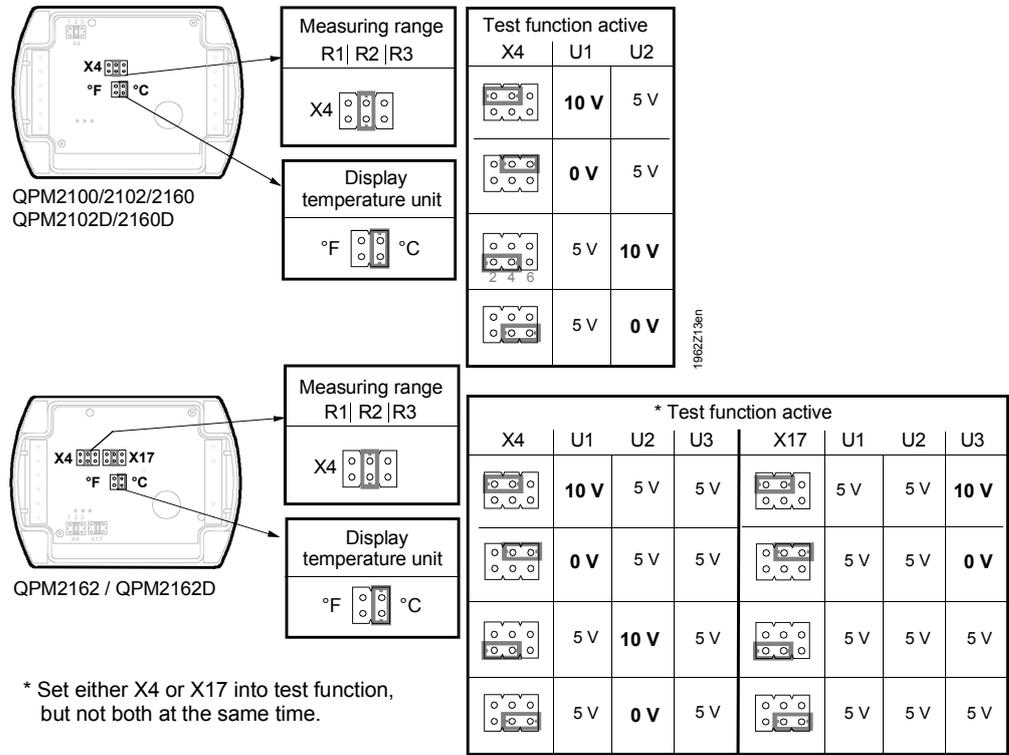
The humidity and temperature sensing elements are located at the end of the measuring probe and are protected by a filter cap.

Cable entry is made via the cable entry gland M16 (IP 54) supplied with the sensor, which screws into the housing.

Immersion rod and housing are made of plastic and are rigidly connected.

The sensor is fitted with the mounting flange supplied with the sensor. The flange is to be placed over the immersion rod and then secured in accordance with the required immersion length.

Setting elements ...



The setting elements are located inside the cover

for the measuring range with **QPM2100**

The different vertical plug positions have the following meaning:

- For the CO₂ measuring range: Shorting plug in the mid position (R2) = 0...2000 ppm (factory setting)

with **QPM2102/2102D**

- For CO₂ / VOC weighting:
 - Shorting plug in the left position (R1) = VOC sensitivity "low"
 - Shorting plug in the mid position (R2) = VOC sensitivity "normal" (factory setting)
 - Shorting plug in the right position (R3) = VOC sensitivity "high"

with **QPM2160/2160D** and **QPM2162/2162D**

- For the temperature measuring range:
 - Shorting plug in the left position (R1) = -35...+35 °C
 - Shorting plug in the mid position (R2) = 0...50 °C (factory setting)

for the active test function

Shorting plug for the measuring range in the horizontal positions:

The signal output delivers the values according to table "Test function active".

Behavior in the event of fault

All types

- In the event of CO₂ failure, 10 V will be present at signal output U1 (after 60 seconds)
- In the event of CO₂ or VOC failure, 10 V will be present at signal output U2 (after 60 seconds)
- Should the temperature sensor become faulty, 0 V will be present at signal output U2
- Should the temperature sensor become faulty, 0 V will be present at signal output U3, and the humidity signal at signal output U2 will increase to 10 V (after 60 seconds)
- Should the humidity sensor become faulty, 10 V will be present at signal output U2 (after 60 seconds), and the temperature signal will remain active

QPM2102/2102D

QPM2160/2160D

QPM2162/2162D

Display of measured values

With sensors type **QPM2102D**, **QPM2160D** and **QPM2162D**, the measured values can be read on an LCD. The following measured values are displayed:

- CO₂: In ppm
- CO₂ + VOC: As a bar chart (4 bars ≙ U2 = 2 V, 20 bars ≙ U2 = 10 V)
- Temperature: In °C or °F
- Humidity: In %

Disposal

The major plastic components bear the material references in compliance with ISO / DIS 11 469 to facilitate environment-friendly disposal.

Accessories

<i>Name</i>	<i>Type reference</i>
Filter cap (for replacement)	AQF3101

Engineering notes

	<p>To power the sensor, a transformer for safety extra low-voltage (SELV) with separate windings for 100 % duty is required. When sizing and protecting the transformer, local safety regulations must be completed with.</p> <p>When sizing the transformer, the power consumption of the duct sensor must be taken into consideration.</p> <p>For correct wiring, refer to the Data Sheets of the devices with which the sensor is used.</p> <p>The permissible cable lengths must be observed.</p>
Cable routing and cable selection	<p>When laying the cables, it must be observed that the longer the cables run side by side and the smaller the distance between them, the greater the electrical interference. Shielded cables must be used in environments with EMC problems.</p> <p>Twisted pair cables are required for the secondary supply lines and the signal lines.</p>

Mounting notes

Mounting location and orientation	<p>To ensure degree of protection IP54 resp. IP65, the sensor must be fitted with the cable entry pointing downward!</p> <p>The sensor should be mounted in locations where it can be easily accessed for service.</p>
<i>Note!</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• If used in connection with steam humidifiers, the distance to the humidifier must be a minimum of 3 m. If permitted by the installation, the distance should be as great as possible, but no more than 10 m• The sensing elements in the immersion rod are susceptible to impact and shock. Any impact or shock should therefore be avoided• The sensor must not be mounted in ventilation plant on top of a building (impact of solar radiation)! To ensure correct operation, the sensor's ambient temperature must lie in the range of -5...+45 °C
Mounting instructions	<p>Mounting Instructions are enclosed in the package.</p>

Commissioning notes

The sensor's functions can be checked 30 minutes after applying power:

- Checking the CO₂ function:
In well ventilated rooms, the sensor shows the CO₂ concentration of the outside air. Typically, this is 360 ppm (the sensor's measuring accuracy must be considered). Also, a basic functional check can be made by exhaling on the sensor. In that case, it must be taken into account that the sensor's rate of response has been purposely delayed (time constant $t_{90} = 5$ min)
- Checking the VOC function:
Touch the sensor with a cotton ball dowsed in alcohol (e.g. gas from a cigarette lighter, without lighting a flame)

Ventilation should start when the preset switching level of the connected controller is reached.

Technical data

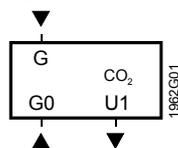
Power supply	Operating voltage (SELV)	AC 24 V \pm 20 % or DC 15...35 V	
	Frequency	50/60 Hz at AC 24 V	
	Power consumption	\leq 2 VA	
Cable lengths for measuring signal	Perm. cable lengths	refer to Data Sheet of the device handling the signal	
Functional data "CO ₂ "	Measuring range	0...2000 ppm	
	Measuring accuracy at 23 °C and 1013 hPa	MW = measured value $\leq \pm(50 \text{ ppm} + 2 \% \text{ MW})$	
	Temperature dependency in the range of -5...45 °C	$\pm 2 \text{ ppm} / ^\circ\text{C}$ typically	
	Long-time drift	$\leq \pm 20 \text{ ppm p.a.}$	
	Time constant t_{90}	< 5 min	
	Output signal, linear (terminal U1)	DC 0...10 V \cong 0...2000 ppm, max. $\pm 1 \text{ mA}$	
	Recalibration-free	8 years	
	Functional data "Maximum selection of CO ₂ and VOC" with QPM2102 and QPM2102D	Measuring range "VOC"	0...2000 ppm
VOC sensitivity		refer to "Type summary"	
Output signal, linear (terminal U2)		DC 0...10 V \cong 0...2000 ppm, max. $\pm 1 \text{ mA}$	
Response time "VOC signal" t_{VOC}		3 min/V	
Functional data "r.h." with QPM2162D	Range of use	0...95 % r.h. (noncondensing)	
	Measuring range	0...100 % r.h.	
	Measuring accuracy at 23 °C and AC 24 V	0...95 % r.h. $\pm 5 \% \text{ r.h.}$ 30...70 % r.h. $\pm 3 \% \text{ r.h. (typically)}$	
	Temperature dependency	$\leq 0.1 \% \text{ r.h.} / ^\circ\text{C}$	
	Time constant	approx. 20 s	
	Output signal, linear (terminal U2)	DC 0...10 V \cong 0...100 % r.h., max. $\pm 1 \text{ mA}$	
	Functional data "Temperature" with QPM2160/ QPM2160D and QPM2162/ QPM2162D	Range of use	-5...+45 °C
		Measuring range	0...50 °C (R2, R3) or -35...+35 °C (R1)
Measuring element		NTC 10 k Ω	
Measuring accuracy at AC 24 V in the range of		15...35 °C $\pm 0.8 \text{ K}$ -35...+50 °C $\pm 1 \text{ K}$	
Time constant		< 3.5 min. in with 2 m/s moved air	
Output signal, linear (terminal U2 or U3)		DC 0...10 V \cong 0...50 °C / -35...+35 °C max. $\pm 1 \text{ mA}$	
Air velocity		Max. air velocity V_{max}	10 m/sec.
Protective data		Degree of protection of housing	QPM2102D, QPM2160D, QPM2162D IP 65 to IEC 60 529 in the built-in state
		QPM2100, QPM2102, QPM2160, QPM2162 IP 54 nach IEC 60 529 in the built-in state	
	Safety class	III to EN 60 730	
	Electrical connections	Screw terminals for	1 \times 2.5 mm ² or 2 \times 1.5 mm ²
Environmental conditions	Operation to	IEC 60 721-3-3	
	Climatic conditions	class 3K3	
	Temperature (housing incl. electronics)	0...50 °C	
	Humidity	0...95 % r.h. (noncondensing)	
	Mechanical conditions	class 3M2	

Materials and colors	Transport to	IEC 60 721-3-2	
	Climatic conditions	class 2K3	
	Temperature	-25...+70 °C	
	Humidity	<95 % r.h.	
	Mechanical conditions	class 2M2	
	Base	polycarbonate, RAL 7001 (silver-grey)	
	Cover	polycarbonate, RAL 7035 (light-grey)	
	Immersion rod	polycarbonate, RAL 7001 (silver-grey)	
	Filter cap	polycarbonate, RAL 7001 (silver-grey)	
	Mounting flange	PA66 – GF35 (black)	
Standards	Cable entry gland	PA, RAL 7035 (light-grey)	
	Sensor (complete assembly)	silicone-free	
	Packaging	corrugated cardboard	
	Product safety		
	Automatic electrical controls for household and similar use	EN 60 730-1	
	Electromagnetic compatibility		
	Immunity	QPM2162 and QPM2162D	EN 61 000-6-1
	Immunity	QPM2100, QPM2102, QPM 2101D, QPM2160 and QPM2160D	EN 61 000-6-2
	Emissions		EN 61 000-6-3
	CE conformity to		EMC directive 2004/108/EC
Weight	RoHS conformity to		
	Australian EMC Framework		Radio Communication Act 1992
	Radio Interference Emission Standard		AS/NZS 3548
	UL-conformity		UL 873
Incl. packaging			
QPM2100, QPM2102		approx. 0.247 kg	
QPM2160, QPM2162		approx. 0.252 kg	
QPM2102D		approx. 0.267 kg	
QPM2160D, QPM2162D		approx. 0.272 kg	

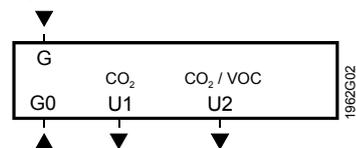
ppm = parts per million

Connection terminals

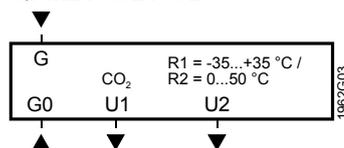
QPM2100



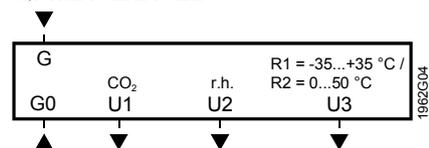
QPM2102/2102D



QPM2160/2160D

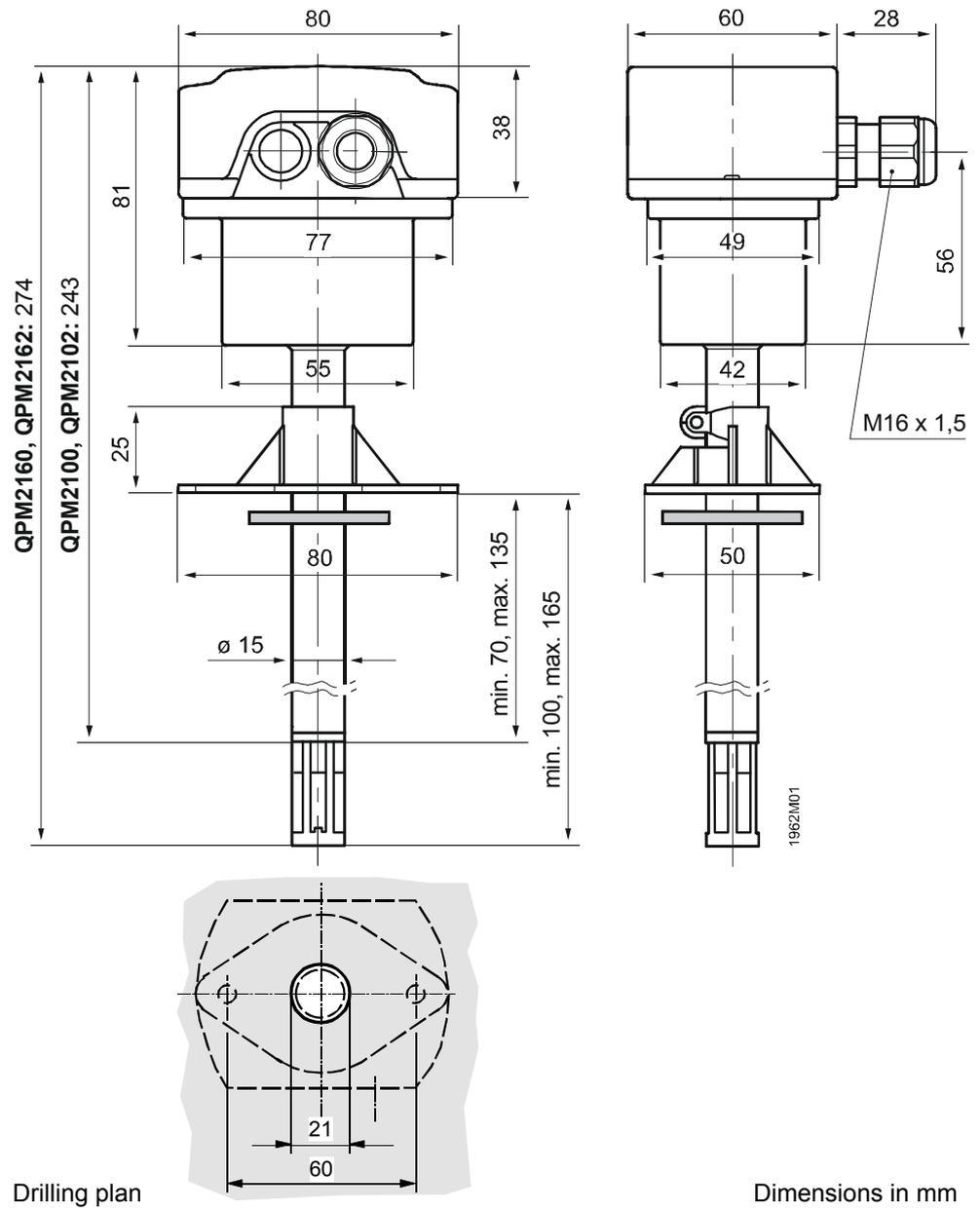


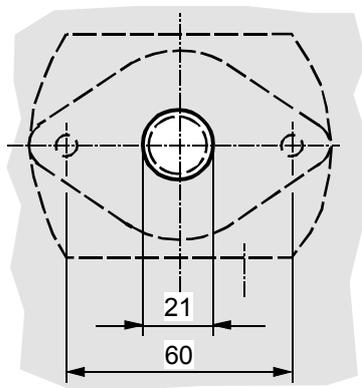
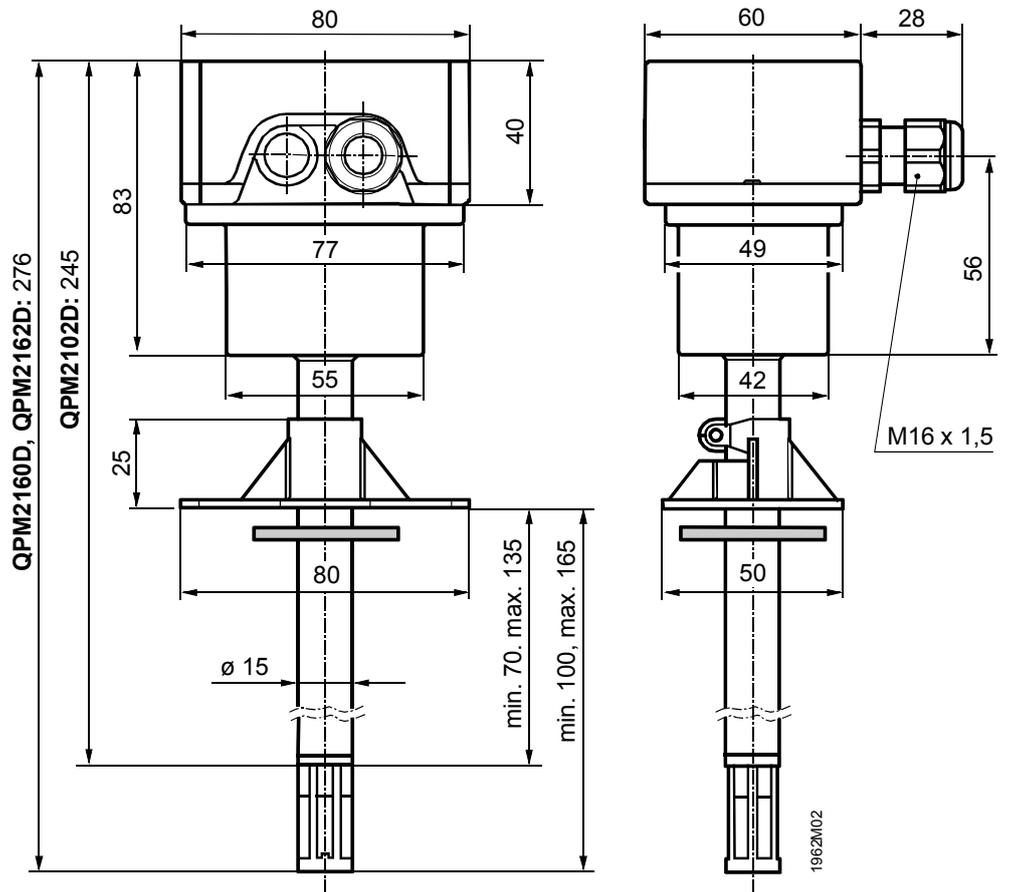
QPM2162/2162D



G	System voltage AC 24 V (SELV) or DC 15...35 V
G0	System ground and measuring neutral
U1	Signal output DC 0...10 V
U2	Signal output DC 0...10 V
U3	Signal output DC 0...10 V

Dimensions





Drilling plan

Dimensions in mm